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Editorial

Study on Medical Diagnosis

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DESCRIPTION

Medical diagnosis is a disease or medical problem. The process of determining in which a disease, illness and injury occurs that explains a person symptoms and signs. To help with the diagnosis are health status, checkup, testing such as blood and urine tests, imaging tests, and samples are be used. A medical diagnosis of Cerebro Vascular Attack (CVA) which gives information about the patient's health. Diagnosis can be used to identify the bacteria, which is causing an infection to avoid long term problems. Patients who are untreated and they may accidently spread the disease to others. It can only done by qualified and recognized health professionals. A diagnostic procedure can be undertaken by a physician, dentist, nurse practitioner, healthcare scientist, medical assistant and health professionals. The most common diseases in medical diagnosis are Acute Maxillary Sinusitis is a disease, which is caused by a virus, bacteria, or fungus. An allergic reaction, in which the immune system attacks healthy body cells and it can also cause infection. Major Depressive Disorder is a disease, it is a type of mood disorder by a continuous sense of sadness and a loss of interest. It affects how person feel, think, and behave and can lead to various of mental and physical difficulties. It's also known as clinical depression. Acute bronchitis is a viral disease that involves swelling of the bronchial tubes and it is highly involved in infectious. The tubes by which air enters into lungs. These tubes expand when they infected. Asthma is a disease in which a person's lungs become infected, thin, swell, and produce excess mucus, making breathing difficult.

Steps of getting the medical diagnosis are gathering relevant data and providing a suitable history of symptoms, making a pro forma and differential diagnosis, analysing, ordering and acting on test results, receiving a correct diagnosis and analysis of the body.

Types of medical diagnosis are clinical diagnosis is based on life signs, symptoms, and test findings. Laboratory diagnosis is determined on the basis of lab results or lab tests rather than the patient's problems. Radiology diagnosis is a branch of medicine that covers a range of advanced testing to get images of the body's interior, the next analyses of the data and determined the symptoms of the disease. Tissue diagnosis is trained and assess tissue to study a piece of tissue to makes a diagnosis based on the tissue results. Principal diagnosis is a condition that has been determined by research. The primary cause of an event is accepted patient care, a resident event, and it is denoted by a code. The main risk factor of medical diagnosis are something that causes a person is more likely to get a disease are cigarette smoking which increases the risk of lung cancer, overweight increases the risk of heart disease and unhealthy diet. In medical care, diagnosis decisions are common to have important significance for the patient, and will individuals to change therapy. It accepting and explaining the confusion of some clinical situations to patients. The doctors are frequently advised to make clear decisions in uncertain situations..

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